FILE DESCRIPTION

NEW YORK FILE

ROSENBERGY SUBJECT SOBELL COMMITTEE

SUBJECT SOSTANTE

FILE WU. 100 10111

SERIALS_5/34

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NOTICE

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VVESTIGATION:

DIRECTOR, FAI (100-357635)

BAC, CHARLOTTE (100-8357) (P)

CONTITUE TO SECURE JUSTICE POR MORTON SCHELL

1-New York (100-107111) (41) (Info) RAN 2-charlotte

Re Charlotte letter to Director 9/29/62. U

at Morgan State College, Balt'more, Upon receipt of above Verification by Baltimore, Charlotte will execute PD 128, W.

ANDITARS' residence at 845 Woodbourne Ave., Baltimore, and employment as Director of the Methodist student work

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2-Beltimore &

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Mew York, New York

December 4, 1962

mfile 100-387835

Re: Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sebell Internal Security - 8 Internal Security Act of 1950

A characterization of the Committee to Secure Justice for Norton Sobell (CSJMS)

18 attached hereto.

"Mational Guardian" is a news item entitled, "Premiere of sobell Film Scheduled December 3 in New York", which reports that the half hour documentary film, "Morton Sobell, A Fleater, would be shown at the Village Bouth Theater, 15 Yandam Street, New York City, December 3, 1962 at 5:30, 7:30 and 9:30 p.m.

A characterization of the Tational
Quardian is attached bereto
Sources, who have furnished reliable information

in the past, advised on December 4, 1962, that three showings of the documentary film concerning the innocence of Morton Sobell took place at the Village South Theater, 15 Vandan Street, New York City on December 3, 1962. Prior to And subsequent to the showing of the 29 minute film, food and alcoholic beverages were served in a downstairs lounge at the theater. No admission charge was made for the showing of the film and it was announced that since the food and alcoholic beverages had been donated, there would be no sharge for them. It was estimated that a maximum of 125 persons were present in the theater and the downstairs lounge at any one time with approximately 80 individuals being present for each showing of the film. The majority of persons were estimated to be in the 55 plus age group and the appeal made during the reception in the lounge was to persons in that age group. This appeal centered on the

This document contains neither recommendations her conclusions of the FRI. It is the property of the FRI and is loaned to your agency, it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED REFEIR IS UNCLASSIFIED Committee to Secure Justice for Borton Sobell

That that the Bobell children wave fatherless as a result of his conviction. It was stated that the purpose of the showing was to raise money to purchase time for a showing of the film on a Vashington, D.C. television station and an envelope was handed to each person entering in which it was expected each would put his contribution. Bost persons present seemingly schooledged the fact that Bobell was guilty but were hopeful for a reduction in Bentonce or pardon by the President.

CONTINUE to Secure Justice for Morteo Sobell

APPENDIX

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE POR MORTON SOBELL

Taking the second second

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and JULIUS ROSENBERG in June, 1953, the Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon MORTON SOHELL, the ROSENBERGS' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg

Case - a Communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953, and then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case!

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications"
dated December 1, 1961, issued by the House Committee on UnAmerican Activities, page 116.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The Address Telephone Directory for the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, as published by the New York Telephone Company, on April 9, 1962, lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" (CSJMS) as being to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" (CSJMS) as being to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" (CSJMS) as being to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" (CSJMS) as being to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" (CSJMS) as being to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" (CSJMS) as being to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell (CSJMS) as being to Secure for Morton Sobell (CSJMS) as being to Secur

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APPENDIX

established by the American Labor

"NATIONAL GUARDIAN"

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, Thited States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the "National Guardian":

"National Guardian ">

Party in 1947 as a "progressive"
weekly * * . Although it denies
having any affiliation with the
Communist Party, it has manifested
itself from the beginning as a virtual
official propaganda arm of Soviet Russia.'
(Committee on Wn-American Activities,
Report, Trial by Treason: The National
Committee to Secure Justice for the
ROSENBERGS and MORTON SOBELL, August 25,
1956, p. 12.)"

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PLAIN TEXT

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FEI (100-3-7835)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-107111)
SUBJECT: COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE

POP MORTON SOHELL IS - C ISA - 1950

Enclosed herewith are 6 copies of a letterhead memorandum suitable for discemination containing information concerning the showing of the SOMELL film on 12/3/62 in NYC.

South Theater was maintained by SAS and Doc

The letterhead memorandum is not classified the Confidential because the showing of the Sobell film at the Village South Theater was a public function.

3 - Bureau (100-207835) (FIREIS, 6) (RM 1 - New York)

1 - New York (100-107111)

PHS:ro

1 - Supervisor (#41)

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SEMALIED JAKU
FEI - NEW YORK

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FD 306 (3/21/58) Rec'd by Rec'd from (name or symbol #) Date Rec'd. 11/8/62 Method of Delivery (check appropriate blocks) / In Person _____/By telephone / XXX/By mail _____Orally /Recording device / LUCK / Written by informant If orally furnished and reduced to writing Date of Report by Agent: 11/4/62 Date(s) of Activit Dictated to 11/4/62 Transcribed Typed by 11/30/62 Authenticated by informant File where origin: Brief description of activity or material is located if not attached bad Funeral of NORMAN LYNN Remarks: ccs: (Committee to Secure Justice for HORTON SOBEL) (1 - How York (100-100-107111-5141 - 100-12292 (Miami SOBEL Committee)

Nov. 3, 62

The Greater Mismi Benevolent Society held their construction accepting at Centre, Nov. 2, 62.

Mr. KIRSH, chairman for the evening, substituted for SAM LIEBOWITZ who was busy in reference to another matter in the office.

Mr. KIRSH called meeting to order.

Before the business of the evening started, he called all present to stand up.

This to show our respect for NORMAN LYNN, who passed away at 6 A.M.

The unveiling of the stone for IRVING STANDER had to be cancelled, it was to take place at 12 o'clock, Sunday, Nov. 4, 62.

NORMAN's funeral will take place on that date and

It was a very somber meeting.

MORRIS LENCHUS read minutes of last meeting.

Above approved by those present.

The sick committee was called upon for their

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Three members are in hospitals.

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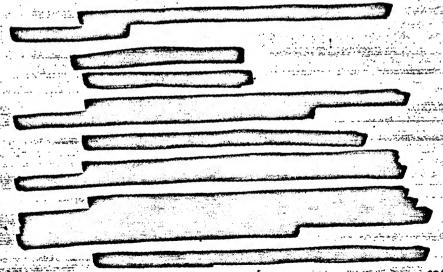
SAM ZUCKERMAN and ISAAC FREEDMAN at Mt. Sinai and Mrs. MANN at Victoria in Miami.

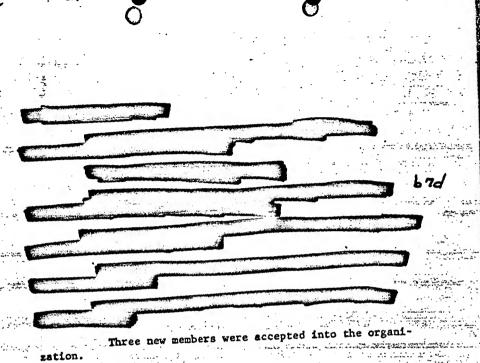
MANYA POLL read co-ordination committee report.

This completed the business part of meeting.

SAM LIEBOWITZ was to take over cultural part of evening, LOUIS BIALY substituted for him.

The subject under discussion was politics.





Approximately one hundred people were present.

There were quite a few strange faces.

Hovember 30, CHICAGO (100-25530) THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE furnished the writer On 11/9/62 written report concerning bank account information regarding the captioned organization. This account is maintained at the Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank, 111 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illiuois. The information pertains to the October, 1962, activity of this account. U which was the property of the day of the second The original report is filed in It should be noted that when using information regarding the day to day activity of this account, a statement should be made that this information is not to be made public without the issuance of a subpoens duces tecum directed to Regarding the information concerning checks drawn against this account, a statement should be made that this information is no longer in possession. of the bank or this source. U Information pertaining to this account is set forth as follows: U tille make site was the impair Mew York (RM) (199-) (National Committee to Secure Justice for MORTON BOBELL) الأراثيان سراعات والمواجه والمديان والمارية والمواجه والمواجه والمواجه والمارية والمارية والمارية والمارية 2 - Chicago A 1 4 PHK: me.

Chicago Sobell Committee October, 1962

Date

Checks

Deposits

Credits Ber. Chge. Bal. Debits

9/28/62

FILE # 100-107111

5143 DATE 13/4/62

ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, ander (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification source which would be the classification source.

SAC. Baltimore

Director. FBI (105-100427)

DAVID ANDRETIS SECURITY MATTER - C

ReCelet dated 11/29/62 captioned *Committee Secure Justice for Morton Sebell. IS - C."

the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sebell.

Relet requests Baltimore to verify the residence of the Reverend David Andrews in Baltimore and, upon receipt of this verification, Charlotte will execute F.-128. For the information of all offices.

this is not a witter which has to do with the investigation of

- New York (109-107111) 2 - Charlotte (100-8357)

12/6/62

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE .	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD	
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	to mental the dampater of those	g classified confidential in ord, informants of continuing value f made known could be prejudicial.
43.65-7-2	EPECIAL AGENT	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW
	5 - Bureau (100-387835)(RM) 2 - New York (100-107111)(RM) 1 - Los Angeles (100-41648)(RM) 2 - G-2, 6th Army San Francisco 1 - DIO, 12th Naval District, San Francisco (by hand) 1 - OSI, Travis Air Force Base, California (RM) 2 - San Francisco (100-35117) Dissemination Record el Attached Report	100-107111- 5148
Request Re Date Fud. How Fud.	cd.	Bic

SF 100-35117 ENW/cjg INFORMANTS: Source SF T-6 SF 1424-S* SF T-9 SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA: Will follow and report

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CONTIAL

Copy to:

2 - G-2, 6th Army San Francisco (RM)
1 - DIO, 12th Naval District, San Francisco (by hand)
1 - OSI, Travis Air Force Base, California (RM)

1 - OSI, Travis Air Force Base, California (RM)

SA Office: SAN FRANCISC

Report of:
Date:

December 7, 1962

Field Office File #:

100-35117

SAN FRANCIS:

Bureau File #:
100-387835

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

Characteristic internal security - C; internal security act of 1950

Bay Area Council of Sobell Committees (BACSC) continues to maintain office at 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco, Calif.

Organization he.

Ilterature printed consisting of letters and post cards appeal for funds and executive clemency of Sobell. Dr. EUGENE EAGLE, San Francisco, attended the National Conference in New York on September 22 and 23, 1962, as West Coast representative.

DETAILS:

1..

Title:

Sysopsis:

11 . 1.3.59)

For the purpose of brevity, the Bay Area Council of Sobell Committees and the Committee to Secure Justice for Morta Sobell will hereinafter be referred to as the BACSC and CSJMS.

See Appendix Pages regarding the BACSC and the CSJNS

Excluded automatic down adding and declassification

This document contains neither recommendations not conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned your agency; it and its gontents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

SF 100-35117 ENW/c.jg

I. HEADQUARTERS

In October, 1962, a mailing was received from the BACSC and the letterhead reflected that the BACSC has offices in Room 302, 345 Market Street, San Francisco, California, and maintains telephone number UN 1-1334.

The EBSC distribuated post cards dated 6/8/62, enpering for funds and executive clemency for MORTON SOBELL

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SP 100-35117 ENW/cjg

III. OFFICERS

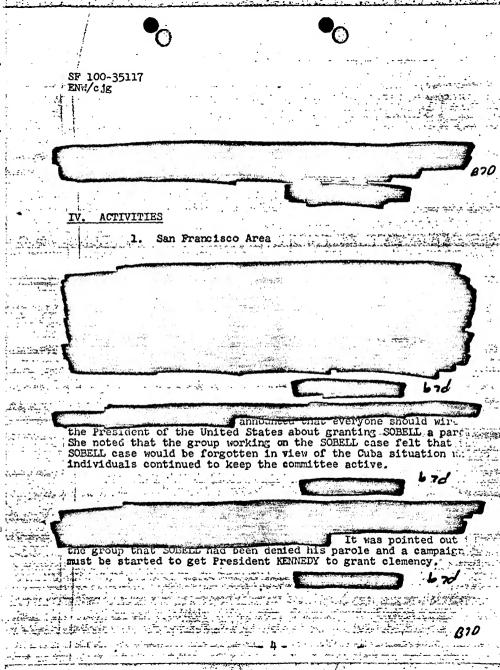
Dr. EUGENE EAGLE, San Francisco. the Swest Coast representative, to the National Conference of the Con

In August, 1946, EUGENE EAGLE was the Club Chairman of the Cakland Branch of the Communist Party (CP) in Oakland, California.

The permanent chairman of the EBSC is HAZEL BINTON.

MARY KRVAR continues to be a leader of the BACSC in

See BACSC appendix page for characterization of MARY KRVAR.



SF 100-35117 ENW/cjg

The BACSC by letter dated August, 1962, addressed to "Dear Friends" advised they had just received information from the Parole Board in Washington, D.C. that the Board has denie parole at this time to SOBELL. This letter furnished by on

"Day by day, month by month, over the years, thousand of public-spirited citizens have urder Morton's release from prison. Each additional day of imprisonment compounds the terrinjustice in this case.

"The so-called scientific basis for this case - steal of atom bomb secrets - has been discredited, not only by scientist them-selves, but by the facts of life in recent years - and the great scientific achievements which have taken place. The chick witness, David Greenglass, is a free man; his wife, an accused accomplice was never tried; neither was another chief witness, Max Elitcher who perjured himself. The one man involved in the trial, still alive, who has always sworn his innocence, is Morton Sobell- and he remains imprisoned by the authorities. Canadugust 16, he will have been in prison 12 long, suffering years

"The Sobell Committee will immediately re-activate to clemency petition presented to the Justice Department last year. The power to exercise executive clemency clearly exists at this time and our attorney will proceed on this immediately. Another appeal will be made to the Parole Board in 90 days, as permitted by the rules. Our appeal for a new trial is still before the and will be pursued.

"Our committee pledge to continue our work, and to the end a National Conference will be held in September.

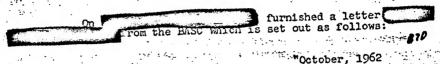
"For your part, we ask you for your continued letters to the President. Clemency is the order of the day. The President need but take up his pen to free Morton. Even though you may have written letters before, write again. Your support is needed at this time.

"The family and Sobell Committees will continue the fight for Morton Sobell's freedom.

"Sincerely,

"BAY AREA COUNCIL OF SOBELL "COMMITTEES"

. SF 100-35117 ENW/c.ig



"Dear Friends,

A powerful new motion picture on the Morton Sobell Ca is now ready for national release ...

"Noted Americans will be at the first open hearing for Morton Sobell before the Parole Board in Washington, D.C., October 30 ...

"After intensive study of the entire record, a national in famous criminal lawyer, whose identity may not yet be disclosed, has agreed to take part in the new appeal the U.S. Supreme Court, on grounds never before presented ...

"New appeals to come from nations of the world

These are some the the steps in the far reaching new program adopted in New York September 22 -23, by representatives of Sobell groups from throughout the country as an answer to Washington's attempts to sweep America's deepest political injustice under the rug.

"The Bay Area Sobell Committees are planning ways and means of carrying out the national plans, and we shall keep you in-URGENT ! formed.

--- URGENT ! "The most immediate action required is an avalanche of letter to who United States Parole Board before the October 30 public hearing Washington. Eminent Americans will be there to urge parole for MORTON SOBELL. Will YOU send YOUR letter immediately? MORTON SOBELL. Will You send four letter. Ask your friend.
Ask leaders in your community to do the same. Ask your friend. Send letters to:

SF 100-35117 ENW/cjg

"United States Board of Farole
"HOIC Building, First and D. Struct.
N.W., Washington, D.C.

"Attached to this letter is a brief sample letter for your guit we offer it only as a guide. Write the letter in your own word but PLEASE WRITE IT. We ask you, too, to send a copy of your letter to the Sobell Committee, 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco 2, California. Thank you for your help. Let us hear from you.

"Sincerely,

"BAY AREA COUNCIL OF SOBELL COMMITTEE"

678

On July 14, 1962, a benefit party for the BACSC was held at 5 Piedmont Street, San Francisco, the residence of EUGENE EAGLE. Approximately 50 people were present. The part was to celebrate the birthday of SOBELL's mother and it was announced that a new appeal would be made on behalf of SOBELL obtain executive clemency.

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2. East Bay Area

SF 100-35117 ENW/c.ig The group of whether or not the JULIUS and ETHER ROS JULIUS and ETHER RESENBERG were convicted in the United States District Court, Southern District of New York, on March 29, 1951, of conspiracy to commit espionage of behalf of the Soviet Union. The ROSENBERGs were sentenced to death on April 5, 1951, and legally executed at Sing Sing Prison Ossining, New York, on June 19, 1953.

letter pointed out that the MONTON SOBELL case has been kept. before the eyes of the world and noted that the parole for Son had been denied and the appeal for clemency now rests with the President. The letter also stated that the Committee is enter: a new phase in the fight for SOBELL on a national level.

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SF 100-35117 ENW/cjg

On June 17, 1962, a "National Guardian" sponsored picnic was held at the Merahill Park Resort, Russian River, California, and approximately 125 people were in attendance. During the picnic an individual believed by informant to be the mother of SOBELL approached all the people at the picnic and asked them to sign a card to send to President KENNEDY requesting the releast of MORTON SOBELL.

670

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See appendix for National Guardian.

BAY AREA COUNCIL OF SOBELL COMMITTEES aka., Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell, Northern California Council of Sobell Committees

Comparative Con-

A source advised on October 31, 1955, that the Bay Area Council of Sobell Committees (BACSC) was formed on October 17, 1955, in San Francisco, California, as the local affiliate of the National Sobell Committee, to carry out the policies of the National Committee to obtain the freedom of MORTON SOBELL.

On April 10, 1962, a second source advised that the BACSC has its headquarters at 345 Franklin Street, San Francisco, California, and is continuing to function and plan future Sobell affairs.

On December 18, 1959, a third source advised that
MARY KRVAR, a member of the Warehouse Club, Communist Party (CP)
East Bay Region, Oakland, California, and the paid organizer
for the BACSC, has stated that the CP is interested in controlling the BACSC so that the BACSC will continue to follow the
line of the National Sobell Committee in attempting to obtain
the freedom of MORTON SOBELL.

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Julius Rosenberg in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon Morton Sobell, 'the Rosenbergs' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case - a Communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953, and 'then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case!..."

(Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated December 1, 1961, issued by the House Committee on Un- American Activities, page 116.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The Address Telephone Directory for the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, as published by the New York Telephone Company, on April 9, 1952, lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Schell" (CSJMS) as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.



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"NATIONAL GUARDIAN"

The Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications, revised and published December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, contains the following on Page 193 concerning "National Guardian":

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as a 'progressive' weekly * * *. Although it denies having any affiliation with the Communist Party, it has manifested itself from the beginning as a virtual official propaganda arm of Soviet Russia."

(Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, Trial by Treason: The National Committee to Secure Justice for the Rosenbergs and Morton Sobell, August 25, 1956, p. 12.)

APPENDIX





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to

rest for freedoming

San Francisco, California December 7, 1962

Title

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

Character

Reference

INTERNAL SECURITY - C; INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Report of Special Agent
at San Francisco,
dated and captioned as above. Boc

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the orderty of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

E # 100-107111

BOSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

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CONSISTING OF 3 PAGES

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Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell Internal Security - C Internal Security Act - 1950 APPENDIX

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOLELL

"Pollowing the execution of atomic spies ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon MORTON SOFELL, the ROSENBERGS' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case - a Communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenterg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953, and then as the National Committee

to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case ("Guide to Supversive Organizations and Publications dated December 1, 1961, issued by the House Committee on Un-

American Activities, page 116.) In September, 1954, the name National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature assued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first

appeared on literature issued by the Committee. The Address Telephone Directory for the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, as published by the New York

or Manhattan, New York City, as published the "Committee Telephone Company, on April 9, 1962, lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" (CSJMS) as being -located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.

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12/6/62

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TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-387835)

FROM 1 SAC, NEW YORK (100-107111)

SUBJECT: COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOCIELL

IS-C: ISA - 1950

This memorandum is being classified containt since it contains information which if disseminated could reveal the identity of this source, who is of continuing value. This in turn could have an adverse effect on the national defense interests of the country.

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100-107111- 5450

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SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 5/5/ DATE 12/12/62

CONSISTING OF 9 PAGES of which

3 is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, ander (b)(1) as it has been classified pursuant to Executive Order 11652 as it contains information which would disclose an intelligence source. This serial bears the Classification

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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BA 100-15241

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

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THE BALTIMORE OFFICE

AT BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

Will continue to follow and report local activities of captioned organization.

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Editor 1.5 (8) -- 1-3-593 CONFIDENTIAL A STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION न्याच विक्रिया विकास 2 - 109th IC, Baltimore (REGIS, MAIL) 2 - ONI, Baltimore (REGIS. MAIL) 1 - OSI Baltimore (REGIS. MAIL)

BALTIMORE. .Office: December 12, 1962 BALTIMORE (100-15241) Field Office File #:

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL, BALTIMORE BRANCH

INTERNAL SECURITY - C: INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Date:

Synopsis

DETAILS: AT BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

... I. HEADQUARTERS OR OFFICE FACILITIES

The Committee to Secure Justice for MORTON SORELL, Baltimore Branch, maintains no official headquarters or office facilities.

--P#-

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TT MEMBERSHIP

of the Communist Party (CP), Maryland - D. C. District.

IEAH KATZ was identified as a member of the CP during 1952.

JULIA SAMUELS was identified as a member of the CP as of October 28, 1952.

es of October 28, 1952.

TIT ACTIVITIES



BA 100-15241

IV. EVIDENCE OF CP DOMINATION OR CONTROL

A characterization of the Maryland Committee for Democratic Rights is contained in the appendix hereto.

A characterization of the Committee to Secure sustice for Morton Sobell, Baltimore Branch, is contained in the appendix hereto.

APERMUTE

DA 100-15241

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL, BALTIMORE BRANCH

JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG and MORTON SOBELL were convicted in the United States District Court, Southern District of New Yor!, on March 29, 1951, on a charge of conspiracy to commit espionage on behalf of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR). The ROSENBERGS were sentenced to death on April 5, 1951, and MORTON SOBELL was sentenced to 30 years imprisonment on the same date. JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG were legally executed at Sing Sing Prison, Ossining, New York, on June 19, 1953. MORTON SOBELL is currently serving his sentence at the United States Penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia.

On July 27, 1955, a source said a committee had been formed in Baltimore early in 1952 to urge clemency for the ROSENBERGS. In December, 1952, the Communist Party instructed that the committee be given all-out support by Communist Party members.

On May 15, 1958, another source stated the committee was last known as the Baltimore Sobell Committee and that GEORGE MEYERS, Acting Chairman of the CP of Maryland - D. C., claimed he tried to get the Baltimore Sobell Committee reactivated in the Fall of 1957.

The second source advised on August 8, 1960, that on August 1, 1960, GEORGE MEYERS, Chairman, CP, Maryland - D. C. District, stated that a Sobell Committee has been formed in Baltimore to get prominent people locally to write to the President of the United States requesting elemency for MORTON SOBELL.

Another source advised on September 27, 1960, that CP members in the Baltimore area are being urged to support this committee and the CP, Baltimore, has rendered financial aid to the committee.

Another source advised on October 13, 1961, that the local Sobell Committee is a branch of the Committee to Secure Justice for MORTON SORELL, which has its headquarters at New York, New York.



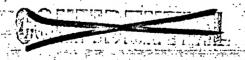
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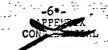
MARYLAND COMMITTEE FOR DEMOCRATIC RIGHTS

On August 26, 1961, the Naryland Committee for Democratic Rights was set up at Baltimore with the stated

purpose of making the public aware of the Supreme Court decisions which in effect would outlaw the CP and what these decisions meant. On May 21, 1962, the same source advised that the Maryland Committee for Democratic Rights continues to remain an active organization at Baltimore.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. 4. 100-15241

Baltimore, Maryland December 12, 1962

Title

: COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL, BALTIMORE BRANCH

Character

INTERNAL SECURITY - C INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

Reference

Report of SA at Baltimore dated December 12,

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All sources whose identities are concealed in reference communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be ... distributed outside your agency. with the recommendation of the second second

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DIRECTOR, FBI (100-337385)

December 18, 1962

SAC. BALTIMORE (100-15241)

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL, BALTIMORE BRANCH INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Re Bureau letter dated November 5, 1962, concerning possible necessity of an up-to-date characterization of above-captioned organization.

As reflected in report of SA dated December 12, 1962, the above-captioned organization continues as in the same manner as that reflected in previous reports. It is noted, however, that activities of the committee have slowed down and committee meetings have not been held for some time. Since the committee has not changed, it is felt that the characterization prepared at an earlier date is still correct.

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100-107111-5154 DEC-01962 SUBJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

SERIAL 5/64 DATE 1/15/63

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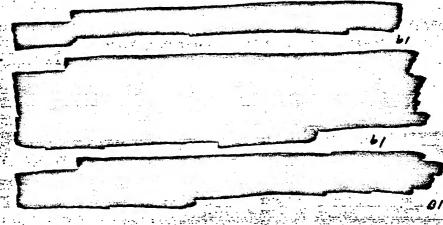


CONF MENTIAL

New York, New York January 15, 1963

> Re: Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell Internal Security - C Internal, Security Act - 1950

..... A characterization of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell (CSJMS) is attached hereto.



NY 100-107111 dam:HAL

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APPENDIX

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

"Following the execution of atomic spies ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon MORTON SOBELL,' the ROSENBERGS' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case - a Communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953, and 'then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case'

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated December 1, 1901, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 116.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name. "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The Address Telephone Directory for the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, as published by the New York Telephone Company, on April 9, 1962, lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" (CSJMS) as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.

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1/15/63

RTEL REGISTERED

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-387835)
SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD (100-25474)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-107111)

SUBJECT: COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL IS - C; ISA - 1950 (00: NY)

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because it contains information which if revealed could identify the source, who is of continuing value. This in turn would have an adverse effect on the national security interests of the country.

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Assail New Denial Of Sobell Parole

EMINENT persons throughout the world are condemning the new denial of parole for Morton Sobell that has come from the U.S. Parole Board in Washington. Sobell has maintained his innocence of the comspiracy to commit espionage charge on which he was condemned to 30 years.

Professor Thomas I. Emerson of the Yale Law School branded the denial of parole to Sobell, now in his 18th year of imprisonment, as the result of a policy that is "a diagrace to our democratic society." He said the only explanation was a general policy of the Parole Board to refuse parole to persons convicted of political offenses.

"President Kennedy," he asserted, "should appoint a commission of outstanding citizens to inquire into this practice and make recommendations for a

more civilized policy."
Mrs. Morton Sobell, whose husband was tried together with
Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, said
she and her husband's mother,
the 88-year-old Rose Sobell, had
received letters from the Parole
Board, January 7, containing the

denial.
Sobell's health is a factor, siece
he has been suffering evere
stomach discomfort, not alleviated by the gall blader removal

DATES TALL

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operation which he underwent in prison. At Sobell's parole hearing off Oct. 30, 1962, a leading internist, Dr. Sidney Greenberg, Assistant Professor of Clinical Medicine at Cornell Medical School and member of the staff at Bellevue Hospital, expressed serious concern for Sobell's condition. The parole hearing was attended by eminent persons from across the United States, and letters recommending release had come from throughout the world. Sobell's conviction was denounced as unfair, based on filmsy testimony of a confessed perjurer, and the sentence called an outgrowth of the McCarthy era hysteria.

Writer Dwight MacDonald branded the parole denial as "disgraceful" and said: "The only reason for their action I can think of is a political one, since Mr. Sobell's record in prison and his prospects for a constructive living if he were released are of such a nature that if political prejudices were not involved, he would almost cartainly have been granted parole."

Mrs. Sobell declared new appeaks would be pressed to the Board and to President Kennedy. She called the denial "vindictive, inhuman and unjust." She said: "Just as the U.S. Attorney on Dec. 7 admitted that Ethel Rosenberg, 10 years after her death, was entitled to freedom or a new trial, so the windictive, inhuman and unjust treatment ou my husband will be conmned. To continue to gratuitoutly ruin the life of a man and his entire family is immoral. It can be justified under no circumstances."

Mrs. Sobell made public the following other comments:

Robbi Philip Horowitz of Cleveland: "What a sad commentary, that an unquestionable criminal tares better than coe whose conviction is based on politival views? If only our President would act to right this wrong He would thereby silence the righteous indignation which will surely follow this denial of Parole."

Rev. David Colwell, Pastor, First Congregational United Church of Christ, Chairman, Department of Church and Society. Council of Churches, National Capital Area, Washington, D. C.: "I am deeply disappointed in the denial of parole. It is hard to see how righteousness and justice are thus served. Surely, the image of American mercy and justice is hereby tarnished. The only recourse now open is in presidential clemency; I trust that Mr. Kennedy will act swiftly and surely."

Attorney William Kunstler of New York: "I feel it is a harsh and unjust epilogue to what I consider to be an equally harsh and unjust sentence."

Psychologist Tom Levin of New York: "I was most distressed to hear that the Parole Board was not able to recomine that the cause of justice and husanality in the Morton Schell case would best be served by his reloace at this time."

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ALCOHOLD STATES





UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MEMORANDUM

COPY

SAC, NEW YORK (100-84280)

DATE: 1/9/63

FROM: - MIRECTOR, FBI (100-350092)

SUBJECT: JEFFERSON BOOK SHOP, INCORPORATED INTERNAL SECURITY - C INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

ReBulet 12/4/62 to the Department, capies of which were furnished your office, in the matter "United States V. Communist Party, USA, Internal Security - C, Internal Security Act of 1950," your file 190-102320.

Relet instructed that, where pertinent, your next reports submitted on the Communist Party, USA, on the New York District Communist Party and on the Publishers New Press, Incorporated, set forth the identities of individuals covered under any group policy of the Associated Hospital Service of New York. You were also instructed to review the reports of this Service every six months to determine the current individuals in the group policies and that such data was to be included in future reports on the organizations and individual subjects.

The Bureau believes that the foregoing instructions constitute a worthwhile and pertinent investigative step which should be extended to any other organizations of similar nature, the investigations of which your office is .. origin. Some examples are, in addition to captioned erganization Prompt Press; New Union Press, Incorporated; International Publishers Company, Incorporated; F and D Printing Company, Incorporated; and "Mainstream." These are but examples and

should not be considered as all inclusive.

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In view of the foregoing, you are instructed to route copies of instant letter to all applicable files and, thereafter, in each individual case consideration should be given to the exploring of this investigative possibility in your continuing investigations of the individual organization

FILE # 100-107111

BJECT ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

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SERIAL 5170 DATE 1717/00

is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety, under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in this serial would identify an informant to

whom an expressed promise of confidentiality
has been given. This information includes
dates and places of meetings which were
ettended by a limited number of people known
to the informant and/or information from these
meetings and situations in which an informant

was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 5010-104-01 United States Government MEMORANDUM TO: BAC, NEW YORK (97-1869) (312) DATE: PROM: .BA SUBJECT: The information on the attached FD 302 was furnished on a confidential basis and is not to be made public except in a usual proceeding following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum. The source no longer has custody of the basic documents from which the check information was obtained. source has furnished reliable information in the past. on the first the second of the on the VD 302 was made available by Chemical Bank New York 6-7-0 Trust Company, I K. 42nd St., MYC. The original longhand of the FD 302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, 1 - New Orleans (100-(SCEP) 1 - New York - Mew York - New York (100-7529) (COMINFIL NAACP) (41) - New York (100-3520) (ACPPB) (41) - New York (100-107111) (SOBELL COMMITTEE) (41) - New York - New York 1 - New York 1 - New York

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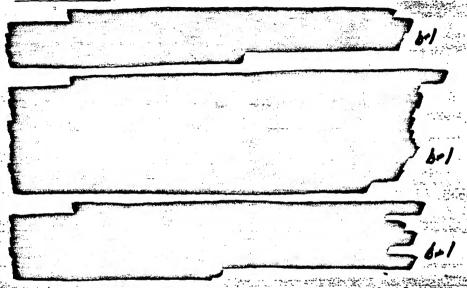
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1-Buffalo (100-11534) (Info) (RM) 1-Butte (Info) (RM) 1-Charlotte (100-8357) (Info) (RM) 1-Chicago (100-25530) (Info) (RM) 1-Cincinnati (100-10090) (Info) (RM) 1-Cleveland (100-20243) (Info) (RM) 1-Denver (Info) (RM) 1-Detroit (100-20938) (Info) (RM) 1-Honolulu (Info) (RM) 1-Kansas City (Info)(RM) 1-Los Angeles (100-41648) (Info) (RM) 1-Louisville (100-4350) (Info) (RM) 1-Miami (100-12292) (Info) (RM) 1-Milwaukee (100-11982) (Info) (RM) 1-Minneapolis (100-8894) (Info) (RM) 1-Mobile (Info) (RM) 1-Newark (100-36202) (Info) (RM) 1-New Haven (100-14203) (Info) (RM)
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1-Norfolk (100-5658) (Info) (RM)
1-Omaha (Info) (RM) 1-Philadelphia (100-37667) (Info) (RM) 1-Phoenix (100-4333) (Info) (RM) 1-Pittaburgh (Info) (RM) 1-Portland (100-9004) (Info) (RM)
1-Richmond (Info) (RM)
1-Salt Lake City (100-9029) (Info) (RM) 1-San Antonio (Info)(RM) 3-1-San Diego (100-9380) (Info) (RM) 1-San Francisco (100-35117) (Info) (RM) 1-Seattle (100-22197) (Info) (RM) 1-Springfield (Info) (RM) 1-St. Louis (100-11726) (Info) (RM) 1-Washington Field (100-25474) (Info) (RM)

COVER PAGE

NY 100-107111
ADMINISTRATIVE (Cont'd)



This information was not included in the details of this report since by its very nature it tends to identify a very valuable informant as the source of the information.

Carnegie Hall Corporation, advised on 1/16/63, that there had been no booking of the facilities of Carnegie Hall on 1/19/63, and that it definitely had not been booked by the CSJMS.

COVER PAGE

NY 100-107111

advised during January, 1963 that a review of the current indices of the Associated Hospital Services of NY failed to reflect any Blue Cross hospitalization or Blue Shield medical coverage for the employees and/or executives of the NY Office of the CSJMS.

This report is classified "Contential" since the information contained therein was obtained from informants of continuing value such as NY T-1, NY T-2, NY T-3, NY T-4 and NY T-5, NY T-8, NY T-10, NY T-12, NY T-13, NY T-14 and NY T-15, and the unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein could reasonably prevent the future effectiveness of these informants and this in turn could seriously effect the national defense interests of the country.

Copies of this report have been furnished to interested local intelligence agencies.

INFORMANTS

Used to characterize
TED JACOBS

NY T-2
Used to characterize TED JACOBS
Used to characterize TED JACOBS
Used to characterize MARGARET BLAU

COVER PAGE

NY 100-107111 INFORMANTS (Cont'd) Identity of Source File Number Where Located Used to characterize FRANK MILLER Used to characterize AARON KATZ Used to characterize EVELYN HARAP NY T-6 Used to characterize JANET WEINBLATT characterize BELLA HALEBSKY 100-107111-5025, 5056,5086,7 5128,5140,5167,

COVER PAGE

Used to characterize YURI SUHL

NY 100-107111

INFORMANTS (Cont'd)

Identity of Source

NY T-337

AA Lol#

NY T-15

LEADS

Copies of this report are being furnished for information purposes to all offices wherein active adjuncts or affiliates of the CSJMS have been revealed to exist either through publicity of the CSJMS or by confidential informants, and to those offices wherein reside individuals prominent in the varying letter writing campaigns of the CSJMS.

File Number Where Located

NEW YORK

At New York, New York

Will follow and report the activities of captioned organization as revealed through confidential informants, panel sources and/or publicity releases.

COVER PAGE

STATES DEPARTMENT OF JU FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1-G-2, First Army NYC (RM) 1-OSI, Second District, USAF, NYC (RM) 1-ONI, Third Naval District, NYC (RM)

Report of: Date: 1/25/63

-7-C Office: New York, New York

1100-107111

100-387835

Title:

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE

INTERNAL SECURITY - C INTERNAL SECURITY ACT OF 1950

FOR MORTON SOBELL

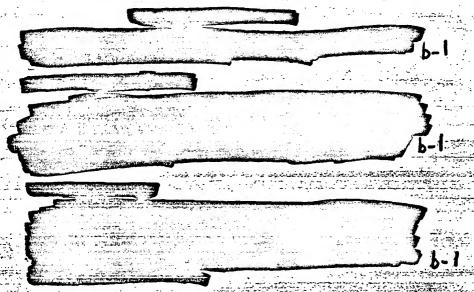
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NY 100-107111

DETAILS:

A characterization of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell (CSJMS) may be found in the appendix section of this report.

The CSJMS, the New York Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell and the Sobell Committee will be referred to by the initials CSJMS, NYCSJMS and SC where appropriate in this report.





Funds are raised by the NYCSJMS with the assistance of affiliates throughout the country in cities such as Los Angeles, San Francisco, Chicago, Syracuse, St. Paul, Seattle, Philadelphia, and Fresno.

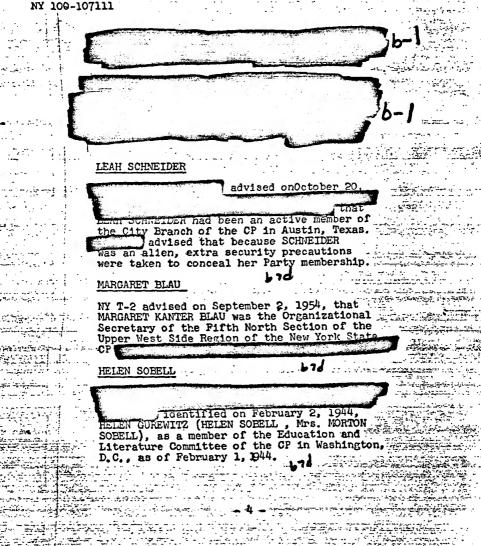
JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG and MORTON SOBELL

JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG and MORTON SOBELL were convicted in the United States District Court, Southern District of New York, on March 29, 1951, on a charge of Conspiracy to Commit Espionage on behalf of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR). The ROSENBERGs were sentenced to death on April 5, 1951, and MORTON SOBELL was sentenced to 30 years imprisonment on the same date. JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG were legally executed at Sing Sing Prison, Ossining, New York, on June 19, 1953. MORTON SOMELL is currently serving his sentence at the United States Penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia.

TED JACOBS

On September 28, 1955, NY T-2 advised that as of early 1952, WILLIAM WOLF was a member of the Fifth North Section of the Upper West Side Region of the Communist Party (CP).

The state of the s



ROSE SOBELL

040 St Anns Avenue, Bronk, New 1014, advised during 1950 that the SOEELL family had resided at this address from about July, 1931, to December, 1940. Advised that on several occasions during this period, Mrs. SOEELL had requested him to join the CP and he added that although he believed ROSE SOEELL to be a CP member tocause of this, he could not confirm her as a member of the CP or a Communist front organization.

FRANK MILLER

NY T-3 advised on June 26, 1961, that FRANK MILLER, an office worker in the CSJMS National Headquarters in New York City, had been attending various CP meetings during and after World War II.

AARON KATZ

NY T-4 advised on April 27, 1944, that AARON KATZ was a member of the CP

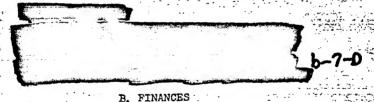
EVELYN HARAP

NY T-5 advised on January 13, 1959, that EVELYN MANN HARAP was a member of the Chelces Lincoln Square Section of the CH

1-7d



NY T-7 advised on March 13, 1951, that BERTHA FRIEDMAN was a Section Organizer of the North Shore Section of the Queens County CP.

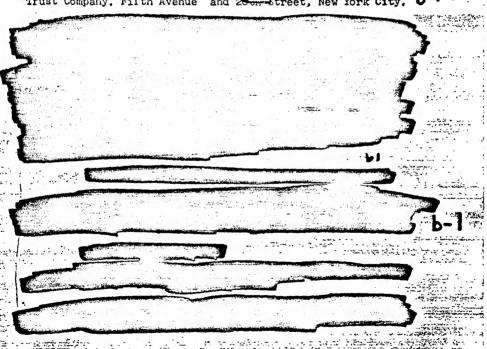


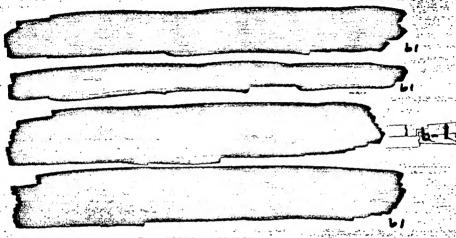
NY T-9 advised on the indicated dates that the bank talances of the SC, which account was maintained at the Chemical Bank New York Trust Company, Fifth Avenue and 20th Street, New York City, on the indicated dates were as follows:

	Date of Balance	Balance	Date Advised
•	July 27, 1962 August 29, 1962 September 26, 1962 October 31, 1962 November 27, 1962 December 26, 1962	199.91 597.26 768.35	July 27, 1962 August 29, 1962 September 26, 1962 October 31, 1962 November 27, 1962 December 26, 1962
			the second secon

The information furnished by NY T-9 is not to be made public except in the usual proceedings following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

The officer to be subpoensed to produce the information furnished by NV mo in the event that it is to be utilized is Chemical Bank New York Chemical Bank New York City. 6-7-0



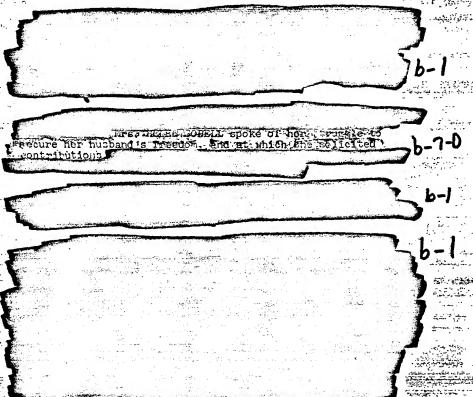


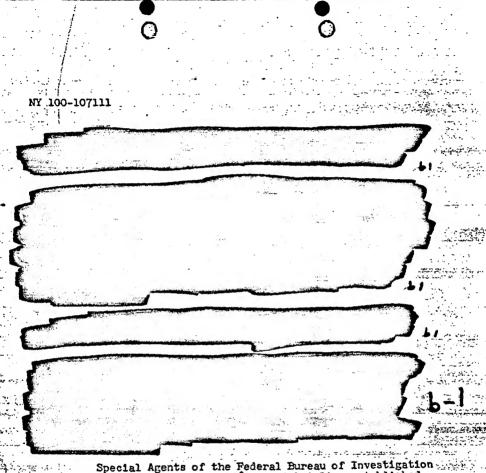
D. CSJMS ACTIVITY

NY T-10 advised on May 28, 1962, that YURI SUHL of
New York City, spoke to a gathering in Shaker Heights, Ohio,
on May 25, 1962, in behalf of the Clemency Appeal for
MORTON SOBELL. NY T-10 said that SUHL reviewed the ROSENBERG
case, SOBELL's connection with ROSENBERG, quoted testimony
of ministers and judges favorable to SOBELL, distributed
Clemency Appeal Cards for transmittal to the President of the
United States, and, solicited contributions to help pay legal
fees in connection with the SOBELL Appeal. NY T-10 said that
the amount collected was not revealed.



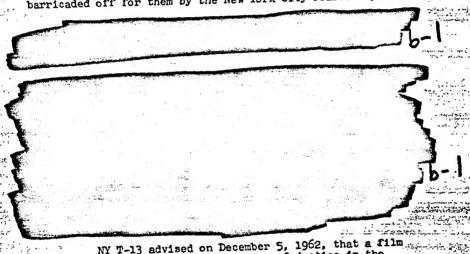
The CPA has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.





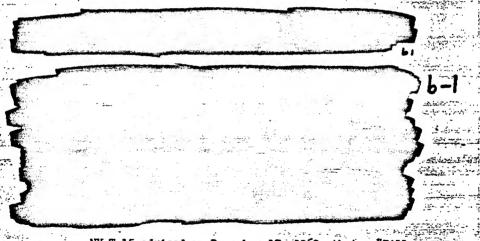
(FBI) observed on October 17, 1962, a picket line established by supporters of the CSJMS commencing at 12 noon and ending at 2:00 p.m. in the vicinity of the UN Headquarters in New York City. The picket line was led by HELEN SORELL, wife of

MORTON SORELL, ROSE SORELL, mother of MORTON SORELL, SIDNEY PRINDLE, stepdaughter of MORTON SORELL, and operated under the direction of TED JACOBS, Public Relations Director of the CSJMS. The number of marchers varied during the course of the picketing from between 17 to 38 persons. The marchers carried signs requesting clemency and freedom for MORTON carried signs requested on-lookers to write to the President and/ORELL and requested on-lookers to write to the President and/Ortober 30, 1962 parole hearing. CSJMS literature was distributed. The line of marchers picketed inside an area barricaded off for them by the New York City Police Department.



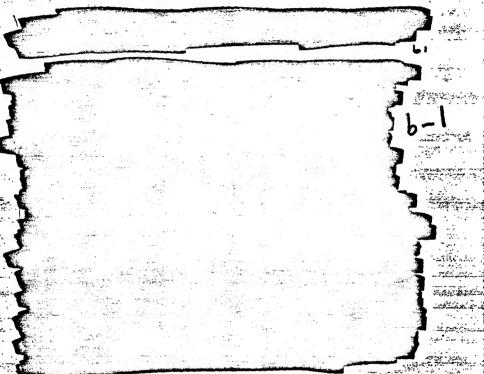
NY T-13 advised on December 5, 1962, that a film which purported to show a miscarriage of justice in the case of MORTON SORELL was shown on December 3, 1962, at the village South Theater in New York City. NY T-13 said that the film was shown to approximately 125 people at 7:30 p.m. NY T-13 said that following the film, Mrs. SORELL asked for the support and/or contributions from the audience in order that the film might be shown on TV. According to NY T-13, said refreshments were served after the film showing. NY T-13 said that personnel connected with the committee indicated that an earlier showing of the film did not have as large an audience and stated that the food and liquor had been

NY T-14 advised on December 7, 1962, that a film concerning the MORTON SOHELL case was shown on December 3. 1962, to approximately 125 persons attending the Village South Theater in New York City. NY T-14 advised that the SOHELL family attended the showing which was received sympathically by the audience. NY T-14 advised that one of the individuals present, who by her actions seemed to be on the committee, indicated that the general public seemed to be sure of SOHELL's guilt. NY T-14 said that a plea for contributions in order that the film could be shown on television was made.



NY T-15 advised on December 17, 1962, that a "Bill of Rights Dinner" sponsored by the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC) was held in New York City on December 15, 1962. NY T-15 advised that one of the speakers at this dinner, attended by 1000 persons, announced that a documentary film on the SOBELL case would soon be made available to anyone desiring it.

A characterization of the ECLC may be found in the appendix section hereto.





NY T-13 made available on December 28, 1962, a mimeographed press release on the stationery of the CSJNS dated December, 1962, addressed "Dear Friend"

is quoted in part as iollows:

"December, 1962

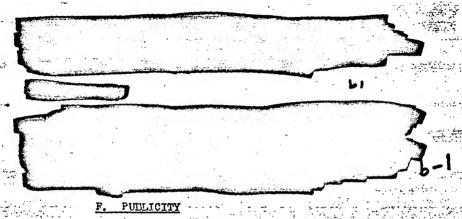
"Dear Friend:

"If there were a motion picture award for a film that boldly seeks truth and national honor, it would go to t.a : compelling new documentary "MORTON SOHELL--A PLEA FOR JUSTICE." Produced on a volunteer basis by top people in the industry, this film can serve to free Norton Sobell, my innocent husband.

"The first print of the film has been presented to the United States Parole Board. Copies are being distributed throughout the country and abroad.

"As we enter the period when President Kennedy could grant Morton a Christmas release, this motion picture must be shown to millions who can make their voices felt in





1. New York City Newspapers

On page 44 of the July 21, 1962 issue of the "New York Times", a New York City newspaper, is a news article entitled "City Settles Suit on Sobell Dinner" which reports that a suit filed by the CSJMS against city officials and the Tavern on the Green had been settled by agreement. The story reports that the CSJMS had scheduled a fund raising dinner at the restaurant in 1958 and as a result of public protest and pressure, the Tavern on the Green had cancelled the event. Details of the settlement were not revealed.

On page 6 of the July 23, 1962 issue of the "New York Post," a New York City newspaper, is a story entitled "U.S. Board Denies Sobell Parole, New Clemency Pea Expected" which reports that the Federal Parole Board in Washington, D.C., had turned down the parole application of MORTON SOBELL.

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On page 6 of the July 24, 1962 issue of the "New York World Telegram", and on page 10 of the July 25, 1962 issue of the "New York Times", both New York City newspapers, were similar stores to the July 23, 1962 issue of the "New York Post".

On page 5 of the July 29, 1962 issue of the "New York Times" is a news article entitled "Settlement in Sobell Suit Revealed to be \$1,350", which reports that the CSJMS had accepted a settlement of \$1,350 from the owners of the Tavern on the Green as a settlement for court action terminated July 20, 1962.

On page 22 of the October 30, 1962 issue of the "New York Post" is an article entitled "Sobell Release Asked by Bertrand Russell" which reports that the British philosopher, according to a CSJMS release, appealed to the President of the United States for the release of MORTON SOBELL on the grounds that he (MORTON SOBELL) had been the victim of a vicious act of injustice".

On page 63 of the November 1, 1962 issue of the "New York Times" is a similar news story to the October 30, 1962

Page BlO, column 6 of the October 31, 1962 issue of
the "Evening Stan", a Washington, D.C., newspaper, is a news
article entitled "16 Ask Board to Parole Spy Sobell" which
reports that the United States Parole Board heard 16 witnesses
who testified over a 2½ hour period in behalf of MORTON SOMELL.
Witnesses testifying were not identified with the exception of
MARK SOBELL, 13 year old son of MORTON SOMELL.

On page 11 of the November 10, 1962 issue of the
New York "Journal American" is a feature article under the
byline of JACK LOTTO entitled "'Sobell Sobbers' Try Again"
which reports the efforts of the CSJMS to influence the United
States Board of Parole which was considering the parole
application of MORTON SORELL.

2. Other Newspapers

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

A characterization of "National Guardian" may be found in the appendix section hereto.

On page 3, columns 1 and 2, of the July 17, 1952

lissue of "The Worker" is a news article entitled "More
Israelis Ask JFK to Free Morton Sobell" which reports that
Israeli citizens signed a petition asking President MENNEDY
to free MORTON SOBELL.

On page 2 of the July 30, 1962 issue of "National Quardian" is a weekly feature entitled "The Mailbag". Contained therein is a letter signed HELEN SOHELL which points out the rejection of MORTON SOHELL's application for parole and states that a National Conference of the CSJMS would be held in New York City on September 22-23, 1962. This letter requests suggestions as well as contributions by sent to the "National Office, Sobell Committee, 940 Broadway, New York 10, New York".

On page 8, column2 of the August 7, 1962 issue of "The Worker" is a news article entitled "Damage Suit is Settled" which reports that the CSJMS had received \$1,350 as a settlement for an out-of-court agreement with the Tavern on the Green which had cancelled an April, 1958 fund raising dinner.

On page 2 of the September 10, 1962 issue of the "National Quardian" is an editorial article entitled Report to Readers - The State of the Union" which is quoted in part as follows:

"A stream of recent events should disturb everyone concerned about the welfare of the nation...

that he won't even submit the case of Morton Sobell to
President John F. Kennedy to be considered for . Executive
Clemency..."

On page 6 of the September 17, 1962 issue of the "National Guardian" is a news article entitled "Sobell Committee to Hold Conference " which reports that the CSJMS would hold a national conference in New York City on September 22 and 23, 1962, in order to plan a new campaign. The article further reports that the Attorney General of the United States had stated that SOBELL's release was a matter for the Parole Board and that though SOBELL's petition for Executive Clemency had received careful consideration, it was decided that the President should not be requested to

On page 10 of the October 15, 1962, issue of the "National Guardian" is a news article entitled "Sobell Figil at UN October 17" which reports that an appeal to the UN arging international appeals for SOMELL's freedom would be held October 17 at the UN in New York City and would continue each day thereafter from 12 noon to 2:00 p.m.

On page 8 of the November 3, 1962 issue of the
"National Guardian" is a news article entitled "Russell Backs
Appeal for Parole of Sobell" which reports that Lord Bertrand
Russell sent a message to the United States Parole Board in
Washington, D.C. appealing for the release of MORTON SORELL
and charging that the sentence was "a vicious act of injustice"
in the tradition of judicial munders which have been
prevalent at different periods of American history.

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On page 5, columns 3 and 4 of the November 6, 1962 issue of "The Worker" is a news article entitled "Make Film Documentary on Morton Sobell Case" which reports that a film documentary had been made for showing to the United States Parole Board in order to win freedom for MORTON SOBELL. The picture, described as a 16 mm sound film running one half hour entitled "Morton Sobell, a Plea for Justice", was produced by unrevealed people in the documentary field under the name of Veritas Productions. According to the article, Mrs. MORTON SOBELL presented a print of the film to the Federal Parole Board at a hearing held October 30,1962.

On page 7 of the November 22,1962 issue of the "National Guardian" is a news article entitled "Sobell Film Presented to United States Parole Board" which article reports that a motion picture documentary had been presented to the Federal Parole Board in connection with the application for parole of MORTON SOBELL. The article reports further that the film would be sent abroad for distribution as well as being made available for showing in movie houses and on TV in the United States.

"National Guardian" is a news article entitled "Premiere of Sobell Film Scheduled December 3 in New York" which reports that the first public showing of the half hour SOHELL film would take place December 3 at the Village South Theater in New York City with showings at 5:30, 7:30 and 9:30 p.m.

On page 12, column & of the December 9, 1962 issue of "The Worker" is a news article entitled "Hear New Sobel Plea This Friday" which reports that the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit would hear arguments on Friday, December 7 in the Federal Courthouse on the latest appeal by MORTON SOMELL. According to the article SOMELL asked the court to reverse a lower court decision and grant him freedom, a new trial or set aside his 30 year sentence as illegal.

Page 5, columns 1 and 2 of the December 11, 1962
issue of "The Worker" is a feature article entitled
"Strong Plea in Film for Justice for Sobell" which
favorably reviews the documentary film "Morton Sobell, a
Plea for Justice".

On page 12 of the December 13, 1962, issue of the "National Guardian" is a feature article entitled "The Spectator - A Christmas Appeal" over the byline HELEN SORELL. This article furnishes background facts concerning the current court appeal of MORTON SORELL and asks the reader to write to the President of the United States for the Christmas release of SORELL.

On page 12, column 5 of the December 15, 1962,
Issue of "The Worker" is a feature article entitled "United
States Attorney Concedes that Conviction of Ethel Rosenberg
May Have Been Illegal". According to this article, a United
States Attorney donceded before the United States Court of
Appeals that if ETHEL ROSENEERG were convicted today, her
conviction would "probably" have to be reversed in view of
the cross-examination of ETHEL ROSENEERG about her claiming
the Fifth Amendment before a Grand Jury. The article quoted
HELEN SOEELL as stating that this decision had affected the
validity of her husband's conviction. Accompanying this
article was a photograph of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENEERG seated
in a prison wan.

On page 12 columns 4 and 5 of the December 30, 1962

18 sue of "The Worker" is a news article entitled "Sobell Ples
to JFK Cites Flaw in Rosenberg Case" which reports that the
admission by the prosecution of the fact that the ETHEL
ROSENERG conviction would today be reversed was cited as the
basis of an appeal for the release of MCRTON SORELL.

On page 7 of the January 3, 1963 issue of the "National Guardian" is a news article entitled "Kennedy Urged to Grant Release - A New Appeal for Sobell" which reports that a new appeal to President KENNEDY had been filed by HELEN SOMELL in behalf of her husband, MORTON SOMELL.

On page 6, columns 1 and 2 of the January 6, 1963 issue of "The Worker" is a box announcement entitled "Film Premiere - Dramatic Documentary Lobing the Public Issue on America's Conscience - 'Morton Sorell - a Plea for Justice'", which reports that a documentary film on the SOBELL case could be obtained from the CSJMS at 940 Broadway, New York City.

APPENDIX

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COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

"Following the execution of atomic spies ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon MORTON SOHELL, the ROSENBERGS codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Gase - a Communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953, and 'then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg Case'

[Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated December 1, 1961, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 116.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Gommittee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The Address Telephone Directory for the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, as published by the New York Telephone Company, on April 9, 1962, lists the Committee to Secure Justice for Norton Sobell (CSJNS) as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.

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APPENDIX

NY 100-107111

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee:

"Emergency Civil Liberties Committee ...

*The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee is an organization with headquarters in Antonio Market New York, whose avowed purpose is to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities and discredit the FBI. * * * The committee finds that the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, established in 1951, although representing itself as a non-Communist group, actually operates as a front for the Communist Party. It has repeatedly assisted, by means of funds and legal aid, Communists involved in Smith Act violations and similar legal proceedings. One of its chief activities has been and still is the dissemination of voluminous Communist propaganda material. 1

**When he appeared in Atlanta as a representative of the Emergency Civil Liberties
Committee to propagandize against the
Committee on Un-American Activities and
to protest its hearings. In 1956 WILKINSON
was identified as a Communist Party member
by a former FBI undercover agent within the
party. Summoned at that time to answer
the allegation, his reply to all questions
was, "I am answering no questions of this

APPENDIX

2

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

committee." This also became his stock reply to questions when he appeared during the Atlanta hearings. * * WILKINSON has since been convicted of contempt of Congress and sentenced to one year in Jail.

Disputing the non-Communist claim of the organization, the committee finds that a number of other individuals connected with the ECLC also have been identified under oath as Communists.

(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1958, House Report 187, March 9, 1959, pp. 34 and 35.)

To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised
making special appeals in behalf of
civil liberties and reaching out far
beyond the confines of the Communist
Party itself. Among these organizations
are the * * * Emergency Civil Liberties
Committee. When the Communist Party
itself is under fire these fronts offer
a bulwark of protection.
[Internal Security Subcommittee of the
Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for
Americans, S. Doc, 117, April 23, 1956,

APPENDIX

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"NATIONAL GUARDIAN"

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The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House or Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the "National Guardian":

"National Guardian

"1. Established by the American Labor
Party in 1947 as a "progressive
weekly " " . Although it denies
having any affiliation with the
Communist Party, it has manifested
itself from the beginning as a virtual
official propaganda arm of Soviet Russia.'
(Committee on Un-American Activities,
Report, Trial by Treason: The National
Committee to Secure Justice for the
ROSENBERGS and WORTON SOEELL, August 25,
1956. p. 12.)"



NITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

> New York, New York January 25,1953

New York 100-107111

Title

Committee To Secure Justice For Morton Sobell

Character

Internal Security - C; Internal Security Act of 1950

Agent Reference New York.

is made to the report of Special dated and captioned as above at

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

NOTE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR

FILE #	100-107111	Mary Control
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Re Cleveland letter, 1/10/63 requesting clarification of the identity of Rabbi and Harage 200

BRICKSER.

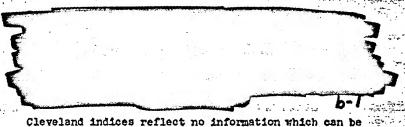
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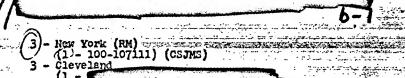
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BALFOUR BRICKNER SM - C



identified with BALFOUR ERICHNER or BALFOUR ERICKNER.
Cleveland directories indicate that RABBI BARNETT R.
BRICKNER was Pastor of the Fairmount Temple, 17800
Parkland Drive until about 1958, and has been deceased for a number of years. His widow, REEECCA, resides 19425
Van Aken Boulevard.



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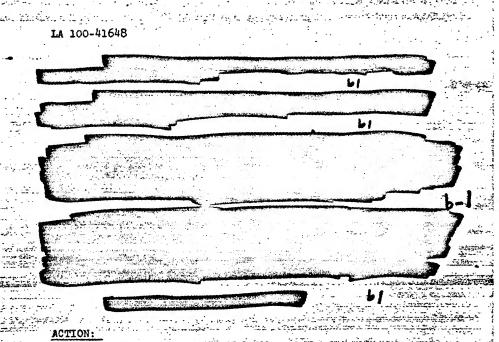
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CONTRACT KENORANDUN - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-41648) DATE: 1/22/63 FROM: LOS ANGELES SORELL COMMITTEE (LASC) SUBJECT: SOURCE ACTIVITY RECEIVED AGENT LOCATION 1/7/63 .Writer - **b**l APPROPRIATE POWCIES AND PLEAD OFFICE STATE ADVICED BY ROUTING. SLIP (S) OF Class) Informant's report is quoted as follows: ew York (REGISTERED) INATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL) OH GDS, CATEGOR SEARCHED . CEW: LAL



All necessary action in connection with this memo

above and could furnish no additional information.

Correct spelling of LEW IRWIN's name, according to literature, is IRWIN, not ERWIN.

Informant was thoroughly interviewed concerning the

The second secon

APPENDIX

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

A source advised on April 25, 1962, that the Los Angeles Sobell Committee is the Los Angeles, California, affiliate of captioned organization.

"Following the execution of atomic spies ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG in June, 1953, the "Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon MORTON SOBELL," the ROSENBERGS' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg case - a Communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the funited States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953 and 'then as the National Committee

to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg case'..."

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated December 1, 1961, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 116.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobel," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The 1960-61 Borough of Manhattan telephone directory lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

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'" کلا ایرانی ROBERT R. TUOLEY

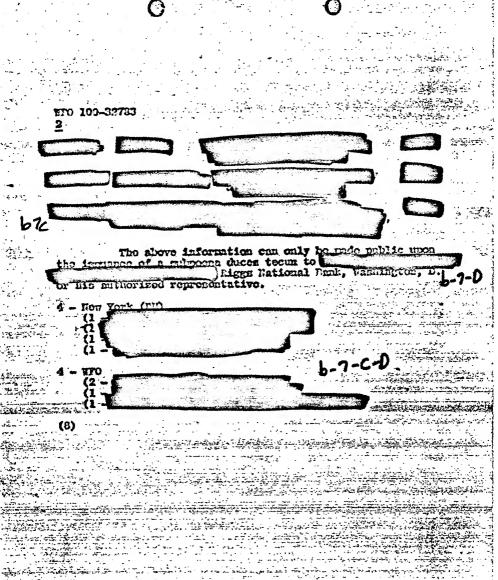
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APPENDIX

1/31/03 The following portains to the bank account of at the Riggs Rational Dank, Washington, D. C.: edition of the Print of Fachington, D. C. 1/24/03

WY 100 - 107111-



2/4/63 -SAC, CHICAGO (100-25530) CHICAGO SOBELL COMMITTEE On January 10, 1963, Turnished reliable information in the past, provided the writer with a written report containing the December, 1962. bank account information for the captioned organization. The original report is filed in This account is maintained at the Amalgamated Trust and Savings Bank, 111 South Dearborn Street, " ... Chicago, Illinois. It should be noted when using information concerning the day to day activity in this account, a statement should be made that this information is not to be made public without the issuance of a submoena duces tecum directed to this bank. When using information concerning checks drawn on this account, a statement should be made that this information is no longer in possession of the bank The information pertaining to this account is as follows: \$100.00 639.00 45,50 90.00 32,50 15.00 Starte Land 13.50 28.00 300.00 15.00 - Now York (RM) (1 - 100-) (Committee to Secure Justice for MORTON M. BOHELL) 0100 4 - Chicago BEARCHED MANDEXED PHK:mak

CG 100-25530

Date of Statemen	previous To	tal Total "bits Credits	Service I	Statement
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Amount	Payee	Cleared	Through	
#4100.00	DAVID SALTKIN	Analgama	ted Trust an	d Savings Ban

\$100.00 DAVID SALTKIN

\$2.50 Seay-Thomas

45.50 Cash

15.00 Cash

13.50 Globe Copy

28.00 Praga Press

\$800.00 Committee to Secure Coin Exchange, New York

Justice for MORTON SOBELL

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ROSENBERG/SOBELL COMMITTEE

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is exempt from disclosure, in its entirety,
under (b)(7)(D) as information contained in
this serial would identify an informant to
whom an expressed promise of confidentiality
has been given. This information includes

dates and places of meetings which were

attended by a limited number of people known to the informant and/or information from these meetings and situations in which an informant was in close contact with members of these organizations, disclosure of which would reveal his identity.

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File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York February 18, 1963

Bureau 100-387835 New York 100-107111

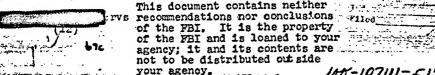
> Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell Internal Security - C Internal Security Act of 1950

· A characterization of the Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell (CSJMS) is attached hereto.

On February 14, 1963, radio station WMCA, was a New York City, on its 11:00 p.m. program featuring radio announcer Barry Gray, featured for the first half of the program a public debate with Helen Sobell, wife of Morton Sobell; Stephen Love, retired professor of law from Chicago's University of North western; and Roy A. Cohn, professor of law at New York Law School. and one of the Government prosecutors in the Rosenberg-Sobell case.

Helen Sobell introduced the debate by stating that Morton Sobell, who had been in prison for 13 years, had been unjustly accused, convicted and sentenced, and added that she was taking his case to the courts and to the people. Helen Sobell cited the fact that eminent law professors, clergymen and senators favored Sobell's release as proof of the injustice in his conviction and added that the United States Court of Appeals in a current decision stated that Ethel Rosenberg would have been entitled to a new trial

were she to have been convicted today. Helen Sobell emphasized that she believed Ethel and Julius Rosenberg were completely innocent and unjustly executed. Helen Sobell finished her statement by advising of a February 27 meeting at the Community thurth in Wew York City at which the following individuals



Re: Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell

> Professor Fred Rodell of Yale University Annus Cameron - Editor Rabbi Balfour Brickmer Dean Donald MacNamara of the New Yor.

Helen Sobell completed her opening statement by stating that she did not have any hope for the release of Morton Sobell. A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

Institute of Criminology

Helen and Rose Sobell

Stephen Love and Roy Cohn engaged in a spirited debate in which Love stated that he believed Morton Sobell to have been innocent, the sentence of 30 years to be excessive and the condction to have been men by the Government on the basis of anti-communist feeling and sentiment. Love stated that the facts in the case had never been considered either by the Court of Appeals or the United States Supreme Court. Cohn stated that Sobell had been convicted properly and despite the arguments raised by Sobell's attorneys, no evidence or argument had been found which was able to convince either the United States Court of Appeals or the Supreme Court, although defense arguments had been presented to both courts on at least 7 different occasions. Cohn summed up the activities of Horton sobell as a member of the Communist Party since 1941, his attempts to recruit others into espionage, and his actual delivery of material to Julius Rosenberg. Cohn pointed out the fact that Sobell did not take the stand in his own defense although the opportunity was afforded him, and pointed out his flight to Merico and attempts to obtain passage to socialist countries, utilizing fictitious names. Cohn surmed up Sobell's defense attorneys' arguments as being a phony emotional appeal utilizing the names of distinguished

people who were not aware of the facts.